Financial Report (Reviewed) June 30, 2022

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Independent Accountant's Review Report

RSM US LLP

The Most Reverend Bishop James V. Johnston Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph Diocesan Insurance Office

We have reviewed the accompanying financial statements of Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph Diocesan Insurance Office (the Office), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the related statements of activities and changes in net assets (deficit) for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements. A review includes primarily applying analytical procedures to management's financial data and making inquiries of management. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Accountant's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct the review engagements in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require us to perform procedures to obtain limited assurance as a basis for reporting whether we are aware of any material modifications that should be made to the financial statements for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe that the results of our procedures provide a reasonable basis for our conclusion.

We are required to be independent of the Office and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our review.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements, statements of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, have not been presented. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that such statements be presented when financial statements purport to present the financial position and results of activities of the organization.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our reviews, except for the effect of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

RSM US LLP

Kansas City, Missouri November 8, 2022

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Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2022 and 2021 See Independent Accountant's Review Report

		2022	2021
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash	\$	134,572	\$ 53,957
Prepaid premiums		325,637	286,716
Accounts receivable (Note 3)		77,465	98,441
Total current assets		537,674	439,114
Investments (Note 6):			
Deposits with Catholic Diocese of Kansas City-St. Joseph		10,102,647	5,963,455
Investments, National Catholic Risk Retention Group Stock		1,693	1,693
		10,104,340	5,965,148
	<u>\$</u>	10,642,014	\$ 6,404,262
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)			
Current liabilities:			
Auto premium reserve	\$	102,602	\$ 99,525
Claims and expenses payable (Note 5)		2,424,505	2,597,117
Claims and expenses—self-funded health insurance (Note 7)		494,784	500,393
Total current liabilities		3,021,891	3,197,035
Claims incurred but not reported		1,167,933	1,244,681
Total long-term liabilities		1,167,933	1,244,681
Net assets without donor restrictions		6,452,190	1,962,546
	<u>\$</u>	10,642,014	\$ 6,404,262

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 See Independent Accountant's Review Report

		2022	2021
Revenues:			
Premium income:			
Clergy benefits	\$	2,512,956	\$ 2,255,662
Lay employee benefits	10	0,026,154	9,947,498
Property and casualty program	•	7,110,214	6,862,662
Other revenue from operations:			
Other		4,895	4,313
Recovery from excess insurer		1,800	265,210
Total operating revenues	1	9,656,019	19,335,345
Investment income		38,655	19,815
Contribution from Chancery Operation		200,000	300,000
Total revenues	19	9,894,674	19,655,160
Expenses:			
Operating expenses:			
Benefit expense:			
Clergy benefits	•	1,390,710	1,640,717
Lay employee benefits	9	9,628,931	9,501,234
Property and casualty expense:			
Administration		2,794,232	2,699,291
Insured and uninsured claims		915,415	2,683,191
Office administration		752,490	720,682
Total operating expenses	1:	5,481,778	17,245,115
Decrease in incurred but not reported claims	<u></u>	(76,748)	(363,354)
Total expenses	1	5,405,030	 16,881,761
Net revenues over expenses	<u> \$ </u>	4,489,644	\$ 2,773,399

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Deficit) Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 See Independent Accountant's Review Report

	2022	2021
Net assets (deficit) without donor restrictions:		
Beginning of year	\$ 1,962,546	\$ (810,853)
Net revenues over expenses	 4,489,644	2,773,399
End of year	\$ 6,452,190	\$ 1,962,546

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 1. Nature of Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of organization: On January 1, 1975, the Catholic Diocese of Kansas City—St. Joseph (the Diocese) established a self-insurance program for property and casualty insurance coverages. Under this program, the Diocese self-insures the property and casualty coverages (except for boiler insurance, which is a deductible program) for all Diocesan parishes, schools, early childhood centers, Catholic Cemeteries Association, Catholic Charities of Kansas City—St. Joseph, and other Diocesan institutions. The self-insurance programs provide coverage for buildings, machinery and equipment, boiler, workers' compensation, automobile, student accident, comprehensive general liability, fiduciary liability, professional liability, sexual misconduct liability and cyber liability. The program includes a limit on each claim payable by the Diocese. Claims in excess of the self-insured retention are insured by licensed insurance carriers. Under the program, the Diocese contracts for the administration of claims, appraisals, and loss control and prevention services. The Catholic Diocese of Kansas City—St. Joseph Diocesan Insurance Coffice coordinates the placement of coverage and the payment of claims and premiums with insurance companies and service providers.

In addition to the self-insurance coverages, the Diocesan benefits office administers the clergy and lay employee benefit programs, which include pension, life insurance, short-term disability, long-term disability, health care insurance, voluntary dental care, voluntary supplemental life insurance, flexible spending accounts, health savings accounts, long-term care (clergy), and supplemental medical reimbursement (clergy).

Premiums for the self-insurance property and casualty coverages are based on loss cost factors published for the state of Missouri by the Insurance Services Office, a national rating organization, then multiplied by an industry experience factor and discounted by the Diocese according to the current claims experience for each type of coverage. Premiums are collected by the Diocesan office and used to pay claims as they are incurred. Premiums for insured coverages are collected by the Diocese from all entities of the Catholic Diocese of Kansas City—St. Joseph, Catholic Cemeteries Association of Kansas City—St. Joseph, and Catholic Charities of Kansas City—St. Joseph.

The financial statements of the Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph Diocesan Insurance Office (the Office) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles and reporting practices for churches and church-related organizations, adopted by the National Conference of Catholic Bishops. The accounting principles promulgated by the above conference do not differ in any material respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Statements of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, have not been presented. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that such statements be presented when financial statements purport to present the financial position and results of activities of the organization.

A summary of the Office's significant accounting policies follows:

Basis of presentation: The accompanying financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in its *FASB Accounting Standards Codification* (ASC) Topic 958, Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations. Under ASC 958, the Office is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

The services performed by the Office are not necessarily required by the operation of the Diocesan administrative offices and could be contracted out to others or administered by the Diocese as an auxiliary service.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 1. Nature of Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition: The Office recognizes premiums and reimbursements at a point in time as services are provided to the entities from the Catholic Diocese of Kansas City—St. Joseph, Catholic Cemeteries Association of Kansas City—St. Joseph, and Catholic Charities of Kansas City—St. Joseph, in accordance with ASC Topic 606.

Fair value of financial instruments: Financial instruments are described as cash and cash equivalents or contractual obligations or rights to pay or receive cash. The fair value of certain financial instruments approximates the carrying value because of the short-term maturity of the instruments, which include cash, accounts receivable, investments (deposits with Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph), accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities. The carrying amount of the long-term notes payable approximates fair value due to the periodic adjustment of the interest rate to reflect current market conditions.

Cash: Cash consists of cash on hand or deposits of cash that are unrestricted.

Accounts receivable: Accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by regularly evaluating individual customer receivables and considering a customer's financial condition and credit history, and current economic conditions. Trade receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of trade receivables previously written off are recorded when received. Management determined as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, no allowance for doubtful accounts was warranted.

An account receivable is considered to be past due if any portion of the receivable balance is outstanding for more than 90 days. Interest is not charged on trade receivables.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates subject to change in the near term include claims incurred but not reported.

Functional allocation of expenses: The Office's expenses have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Costs are directly allocated to functional categories where a clear relationship exists. Other costs incurred at the Office are allocated among specific programs and other categories directly, where such relationship is clear, and indirectly, based on ratable allocation methods.

Claims incurred but not reported: Claims incurred but not reported have been estimated using information provided by the claims administrator, who used factors taken from industry-wide data supplied to insurance companies.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 2. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The Office regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its annual operating needs and other contractual commitments while also striving to maximize the return on investments of its funds not required for annual operations. The table below represents the Diocesan Insurance Office's financial assets available to meet its annual operating needs of the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years:

		2022		2021
Cook	¢	124 572	φ	E2 0E7
Cash	Ф	134,572	Ф	53,957
Deposits with Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph		10,102,647		5,963,455
Accounts receivable		77,465		98,441
	\$	10,314,684	\$	6,115,853

Note 3. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	 2022	2021
Automobile and school bus premiums—priests and parishes Property and casualty premiums—parishes and institutions	\$ 102,602 (25,137)	\$ 99,525 (1,084)
	\$ 77,465	\$ 98,441

Note 4. Income Taxes

The Office is exempt from income taxes under provisions of section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code due to its religious affiliation through the Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph and its inclusion in the Catholic Register. Uncertain tax provisions, if any, are recorded in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes. ASC 740 requires the recognition of a liability for tax positions taken that do not meet the more-likely-than-not standard that the position will be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities. There is no liability for uncertain tax positions recorded at June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Note 5. Commitments and Contingencies

In connection with pending first-party and third-party claims, the Office's financial statements include accruals of a liability of \$2,424,505 and \$2,597,117 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The first-party claims are property damage claims asserted by insured parishes. The third-party claims are liability claims brought by third parties asserting workers' compensation, property damage and personal injury claims, including sexual misconduct claims.

Additional sexual misconduct or other claims, which may or may not be timely, may be filed in the future. If there are any such additional claims, the Office expects that it will incur future charges related to the defense of such matters but cannot reasonably estimate the potential costs it will incur or the future reimbursements it may receive.

Payments made to satisfy the loss contingency could have a material impact on the Catholic Diocese and the Office and, in the future, could impact the activities, programs and ministries of the administrative office it provides for parishes and schools in the Diocese.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 6. Fair Value Measurements

The Office has adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, for assets measured at fair value. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that are consistent with the market approach, the income approach and/or the cost approach. Inputs to valuation techniques refer to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Inputs may be observable, meaning those that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources, or unobservable, meaning those that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. In that regard, ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- **Level 1:** Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
- **Level 2:** Inputs are significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- **Level 3:** Inputs are significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

A description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis is set forth below.

If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flow. Level 2 securities would include U.S. agency securities, mortgage-backed agency securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, and certain corporate, asset-backed and other securities. In certain cases where there is limited activity or less transparency around inputs to the valuation, including alternative investments, securities are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 6. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following tables summarize the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, segregated by the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy:

	June 30, 2022											
	Total	Į	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3					
Investments: Deposits with Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph National Catholic Risk Retention	\$ 10,102,64	7 \$	-	\$	10,102,647	\$	-					
Group stock	1,69	3	-		-		1,693					
	\$ 10,104,34	0 \$	-	\$	10,102,647	\$	1,693					
		June 30, 2021										
	Total	l	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3					
Investments: Deposits with Catholic Diocese of Kansas City–St. Joseph	\$ 5,963,45	5 \$	-	\$	5,963,455	\$	-					
National Catholic Risk Retention Group stock	1,69 \$ 5,965,14		-	Ф.	-	Ф.	1,693 1,693					
	ิ ก ว 90 ว 14	α	-	\$	5,963,455	S	1.093					

The fair value of investments categorized as Level 3 investments was \$1,693 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. There were no realized or unrealized gain/losses, purchases or sales reported by the Office during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Due to the limited activity, fair value approximates original cost.

The Office does not have assets and liabilities recorded at fair market value on a nonrecurring basis.

The fair value estimates presented are based on pertinent information available to management at June 30, 2022 and 2021. Although management is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value measurements, such amounts have been comprehensively revalued for purposes of the financial statements since that date; therefore, current estimates of fair value may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

Note 7. Health Care Plan

The Office has a self-insured health care plan, which is administered by a third-party administrator. The plan provides for payments of hospitalization and medical benefits for lay employees and clergy of the Diocese, with excess claims funded by an insurance carrier. The carrier provides reinsurance on claims that exceed \$75,000 for the policy years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Plan premium income for this plan for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was \$10,879,125 and \$10,530,788, respectively; expenses were \$9,417,378 and \$9,496,588, respectively. Plan claims and expenses accrued as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$494,784 and \$500,393, respectively.

Incurred but not reported heath care claims accrued as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$1,167,933 and \$1,244,681, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 8. Functional Expense Allocation

The Diocesan Insurance Offices classified functional expenses for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, as follows:

								June	30,	2022																				
		Travel and																												
	Personnel Office						rofessional			Insurance																				
		Costs		Expense		Expense		Services	De	velopment		Premiums		Claims		Total														
Operating expenses:																														
Benefits	\$	79,419	\$	1,567	\$	2,522,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,316,069	\$	7,100,491	\$	11,019,641														
Property and casualty																														
insurance		-		-		210,324		97,875		-		2,486,033		915,415		3,709,647														
Office administration		394,240		99,837		59,811		188,305		10,297		-		_		752,490														
Grand total	\$	473,659	\$	101,404	\$	2,792,230	\$	286,180	\$	10,297	\$	3,802,102	\$	8,015,906	\$	15,481,778														
								June	30,	2021																				
									Tı	ravel and																				
	F	Personnel		Office		Program	Р	rofessional	Pro	ofessional		Insurance																		
		Costs		Expense		Expense		Services		velopment		Development		Premiums		Premiums		Premiums		Premiums		Premiums		Premiums		Premiums		Claims		Total
Operating expenses:						·				•																				
Benefits	\$	68,364	\$	757	\$	2,721,068	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,339,433	\$	7,012,329	\$	11,141,951														
Property and casualty																														
insurance		-		-		252,856		137,560		-		2,308,875		2,683,191		5,382,482														
Office administration		403,339		67,457		52,502		194,228		3,156		-		-		720,682														
Grand total	\$	471,703	\$	68,214	\$	3,026,426	\$	331,788	\$	3,156	\$	3,648,308	\$	9,695,520	\$	17,245,115														

Notes to Financial Statements See Independent Accountant's Review Report

Note 9. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 8, 2022, the date on which the independent accountant's review report was available to be issued.